Rail Delivery Group

Response to:

Transport for Wales

Design of Wales and Borders Rail Service including Metro Consultation

Date: May 2017
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Design of Wales and Borders Rail Service including Metro Consultation

Organisation: Rail Delivery Group
Type: Business representative organisation

1) The Rail Delivery Group (RDG) brings together Network Rail and passenger and freight train operating companies. The purpose of the RDG is to enable Network Rail and passenger and freight train operating companies to succeed by delivering better services for their customers. Ultimately this benefits taxpayers, passengers and the wider economy. We aim to meet the needs of:
   a) our members, by enabling them to deliver better outcomes for customers and the country;
   b) government and regulators, by developing strategy, informing policy and confronting difficult decisions on choices; and
   c) rail and non-rail users, by improving customer experience and building public trust.

Overview

2) RDG welcomes the opportunity to contribute to Transport for Wales’s consultation on the Design of the Wales and Borders Rail Service including the Metro. Since the commencement of the current Wales and Borders rail franchise it has delivered benefits for passengers and taxpayers:
   a) Service provision is now 20% higher than the contracted service level;
   b) passenger satisfaction has increased since the start of the franchise from 79% to 82% in the autumn 2016;
   c) punctuality has improved with a current moving annual average of 92% PPM, which has increased from 79%, as measured by the public performance measure (PPM); and
   d) the burden on the taxpayer has also reduced, with the annual subsidy declining by more than £40 million since the start of the franchise in 2003.

3) The Welsh Government’s approach to the procurement of the next Wales and Borders rail franchise, has the potential to deliver further value, enable innovation, improve collaboration and align incentives between operators and infrastructure managers. The franchise also aims to meet local needs and improve local accountability. To do so the design, specification and delivery of the franchise should:
   a) Ensure effective cooperation between both the Welsh and UK Governments and close working between the Department for Transport, and Transport for Wales by all parties remaining actively involved in rail services;
   b) enhance the customer experience further with particular focus on improving stations, ticketing, fares and rolling stock;
   c) enable community stakeholders, such as community rail partnerships, to help shape and play an active role in the future of the franchise;
   d) facilitate passenger growth by incentivising the operator and providing additional capacity if required;
   e) support flexibility in the implementation of the franchise contract; and
f) enable effective integration with the wider GB rail network to support one network, by maintaining seamless cross Borders passenger and market flows.

**Procurement, development and delivery of the Wales and Borders rail franchise and South Wales Metro**

4) RDG supports the Transport for Wales’s approach of linking infrastructure development and management to train operations. We believe this represents a significant step forward in driving further value from the rail network and creates new opportunities for collaboration and further passenger benefits.

5) We strongly support collaboration through the alignment of incentives between infrastructure provider and operators. Further passenger benefits could be unlocked in Wales through aligning the outcomes of the infrastructure manager and the operator, for example improving performance targets and creating additional capacity through optimisation of the network.

6) The role played by Transport for Wales in developing the franchise design and specification – linking the specification to local and regional wider economic needs – is welcomed. The benefit of devolved specification of rail services is that the service provision can meet the aspirations of the local passenger; this in turn can increase accountability and produce a closer relationship between those who deliver the railway the wider society, and the economies it enables.

7) Transport for Wales may wish to consider the use of balanced scorecard to be used throughout the life of the franchise to provide a transparent view of performance and demonstrate the economic benefit of this contract on the Welsh and wider GB economy, as well as the service level provided to customers.

**Design and Specification of the Franchise and South Metro Delivery**

8) RDG would encourage Transport for Wales to consider the themes set out below as part of its franchise design and specification process, to ensure the Wales and Borders franchise and South Wales Metro meet the needs of passengers, stakeholders and taxpayers, whilst delivering value for money.

**Government collaboration**

9) RDG regards government collaboration as a key enabler of good design and specification. As such we strongly support close working relationships between the Welsh and UK Governments to ensure that the services delivered by the Wales and Borders franchise remains part of an integrated GB network, providing the passenger with easy access to the rest of the rail network, and maintaining or enhancing the current level of cross-Borders services.

**Stations**

10) In 2015 the RDG produced its [Vision for Stations](#), which set out nine principles for the design and development of Britain’s railway stations. Principle four of the visions is that stations should reflect local reflect local needs and opportunities. Stations are there to allow customers to get on and off trains – the key function needed by the rail industry – but equally they can create thriving spaces for local
communities with retail, leisure and other amenities. We urge Transport for Wales to use the opportunity of the franchise and the Metro to embed these principles in the procurement process.

**RDG Vision for Stations – Nine Principles of Good Station Design**

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<tr>
<th>P1: Customer focussed</th>
<th>P6: Entrepreneurial spirit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>There has been significant investment in stations but our Vision aims to build on this.</td>
<td>View stations as potential catalysts for innovation and entrepreneurship, and thereby enhancing the railway and local economies.</td>
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<th>P2: intelligent use of technology</th>
<th>P7: Flexible and long-term stewardship</th>
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<td>The latest information and ticketing technologies are fully utilised to support and enhance the experience at stations.</td>
<td>Plan and operate stations for the long term, with built in flexibility to adapt to change.</td>
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<th>P3: Seamless journey experience</th>
<th>P8: Shared industry know-how</th>
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<td>Ensure stations are fully integrated with rail services and onward travel modes (including walk, cycle, bus, car, tube, transit, metro, air, ferry or ship).</td>
<td>Share knowledge and experience of what works best at stations in meeting passengers’ diverse needs in the most efficient and effective manner.</td>
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<th>P4: Reflect local needs and opportunities</th>
<th>P9: Optimised network</th>
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<td>Tailor stations to reflect local needs and characteristics while still being part of a recognisable national network.</td>
<td>Realise the full value of every station while minimising inefficiencies through investment and operation based on objective and informed decision making.</td>
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<th>P5: Safe and secure environment</th>
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<td>Ensure all stations and their localities are places where users can feel safe and secure.</td>
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11) The franchise and the Metro also presents the opportunity to explore involvement of, and investment from non-rail industry stakeholders, be they local authorities, business, or social enterprise. Later in 2017, the RDG will be publishing a research study, *Regenerating Britain’s Railway Stations: a six-point plan*, for how this might be achieved. The study covers key learning for how this could be delivered, particularly with respect to principles 1, 4, 6 and 8, and maybe of particular use to Transport for Wales.

**Community**

12) Community Rail, which involves local people working in partnership with the rail industry, has proven a successful concept, with almost 50 Community Rail Partnerships (CRPs), and the generation of passenger demand growth that has exceeded the averages for the regional sector and the network as a whole. The RDG strongly supports community rail partnerships and would encourage Transport for Wales to consider how it can facilitate more active engagement of the local community in next franchise and metro design.

**Retailing**

13) The franchise specification should be aligned to the RDG retailing vision, which aims to provide customers with an easy-to-understand and convenient-to-use
ticketing proposition. The RDG retailing vision is to enable passengers to have
tickets linked to a range of devices, including their smartphones and bank cards,
so that they can easily access their tickets and gain entry to trains, without the
need to print out paper tickets if they wish. The future Wales and Borders
franchise and South Wales Metro operator should be incentivised to drive forward
digital ticketing innovation that improves the customer experience in line with the
principles of the RDG retail vision; a railway for the digital age.

Fares
14) We recognise that many customers find getting the best fare for their journey
complicated, and the industry is working with governments to simplify this; so that
customers can have confidence in buying the right ticket for them. The fares and
ticketing policy for this franchise should align with the fares reform agenda the
RDG has recently set out, which seeks to remove outdated fares regulation, and
allow the franchisee sufficient freedom to innovate in meeting customer
expectations in this area. The franchise specifiers need to provide sufficient
space to the operator to facilitate changes to the current fares regulation, set out
through the Ticketing and Settlement Agreement. By facilitating changes this can
remove major obstacles in ensuring every customer finds the right fare for their
journey. The benefits and challenges resulting from fares reform, as well as
identifying the winners and losers need to be understood, before wholesale
change is undertaken.

Rolling Stock
15) The current average age of rolling stock in the Wales and Borders franchise is
more than 27 years, this is higher than the national average. The Welsh
Government will need to work collaboratively with the operator, and the supply
chain to ensure sufficient funding is available to meet the aspirations of
customers and stakeholders regarding rolling stock renewal. The Welsh
Government will also need to work with the market to consider the vehicle
accessibility standards applicable from 2020, these standards will impact the
current rolling stock used by the Wales and Borders franchisee. RDG’s Long-
Term Passenger Rolling Stock Strategy for the Rail Industry may be of to
Transport for Wales informing their decision-making.

Integration of services
16) The current franchise was let and managed by DfT as part of a wider network
covering the whole of Great Britain. With the specification and management of
rail services being devolved to Cardiff, integration with the wider GB network
needs to be maintained. This is particularly relevant for cross-Borders flows and
the new interfaces created with the Metro.

Plan for growth
17) When the current franchise was originally let, the rate of passenger growth was
not foreseen. We expect that passenger growth will continue to rise, particularly
around the main conurbations, and as such believe that the future franchise
should be let on a basis that can respond to increasing demand.

Flexibility in franchise management
18) During the current franchise term, operated by Arriva Trains Wales, there has
been investment both by the Government and the operator, with approximately £35 million of investment from the operator. This level of investment was not foreseen at the start of the franchise. RDG would recommend that there is sufficient flexibility in the next contract to enable additional investment to be made to meet changing demands. A suitable benefit share mechanism can be used to ensure all contractual partners are incentivised to make additional investment.

**Contract duration**

19) We support the longer contract term being considered by the specifier, and are encouraged by the consideration given to encouraging the delivery of benefits in the latter part of the contract.

**Summary**

20) RDG has been encouraged by the progress made to date by the Welsh Government in the procurement of the next rail franchise for Wales. The plans for the a vertically integrated valleys network will provide the GB network with an interesting example of the benefits of greater collaboration between track and train. RDG is keen to work with the Welsh Government, Transport for Wales and the rail industry in the design and development of the Wales and Borders franchise and the Metro.

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